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PeliKine compact[™] human IL-6 M1916 Product number Interleukin 6 (IL-6) is a mediator of the inflammatory response and is involved in the induction of acute phase proteins Introduction [1,2,3,4] and the development of fever [5]. A marked correlation between IL-6 levels and inflammatory processes has been demonstrated in synovial fluid and serum of rheumatoid arthritis patients [6,7,8] and in serum of patients with burns [9,10]. It was demonstrated that in recipients of kidney transplants the IL-6 levels in serum and urine hallmark the onset of rejection episodes [11,12]. Elevated IL-6 levels were also observed in sera of patients with septic shock, multiple myeloma and alcoholic hepatitis, and a significant difference between IL-6 levels of survivors and non-survivors was found [13,14,15]. Bioassays for the quantification of IL-6, based on the proliferation of B-cell hybridomas have been used for several years [16,17,18]. These assays, although sensitive, are time consuming and susceptible to interference by other substances. This PeliKine compact™ IL-6 ELISA kit [19] has been developed for faster, more reproducible and specific quantification of human IL-6 (hulL-6) in plasma and other body fluids, as well as in cell-culture supernatant. See Assay procedure for PeliKine compact[™] ELISA kit: <u>www.sanquinreagents.com</u>→Products→Cytokines→Compact Assay procedure cytokine kits \rightarrow on bottom of page \rightarrow 'optimized assay procedure'. Kit component list Quantity Kit component Volume Cap colour 1 vial coating antibody 100-fold concentrated 375 *µ*l red 1 vial blocking reagent 50-fold concentrated 2 ml transparent 1 vials IL-6 standard see label 750µl black 375 *µ*I 1 vial biotinylated antibody 100-fold concentrated vellow 1 vial streptavidin-poly-HRP conjugate 10,000-fold concentrated 20 µl brown 1 bottle HPE-dilution buffer 5-fold concentrated 55 ml 3 pcs microtiter plate + lid 10 pcs plate seals -0.2 – 0.4 pg/ml (shake – static incubation) 0.5 – 1.0 pg/ml (shake – static incubation Sensitivity MEAN calculated zero signal + 3 SD 2x (MEAN calculated zero signal) IL-6 values in fresh serum and plasma samples of healthy individuals are below 20 pg/ml. **Expected values** Specificity No crossreactivity was observed with the following recombinant human proteins: IL-1 α , IL-1 β , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-13, Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (M-CSF), Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor (G-CSF), Granulocyte/Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF), Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF), RANTES, Stem Cell Factor/ Mast Cell Factor (SCF/MCF), Transforming Growth Factor &-1 (TGF&-1), Tumour Necrosis Factor a (TNF-a), Tumour Necrosis Factor & (TNF β /Lymphotoxin), and Interferon γ (IFN γ). Gauldie, J. et al (1987) Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci.(USA) 84: 7251 1. References Le,J. and Vilcek,J. (1989) Lab.Invest. 61: 588 2. Heinrich, P.C. et al (1990) Biochem. J. 265: 621 3. Kishimoto, T. (1989) Blood 74: 1 4. Helle, M. et al (1988) Eur. J. Immunol. 18: 957 5. 6. Houssiau, F.A. et al (1988) Arthritis Rheum. 31: 784 Swaak, A.J.G. et al (1988) Scand. J. Rheumatol. 17: 469 7. Waage, A. et al (1989) Clin.Immunol.Pathol. 50: 394 8. Nijsten, M.W.N. et al (1988) Lancet 11: 921 9 10. Guo,Y. et al (1990) Clin.Immunol.Pathol. 54: 361 11. Van Oers, M.H.J. et al (1988) Clin.Exp.Immunol. 71: 314 12. Yoshimura, N. et al (1991) Transplantation 51: 172 13. Hack,C.E. et al (1989) Blood 74: 1704 14. Ludwig, H. et al (1991) Blood 77: 2794 15. Sheron, N. et al (1991) Clin. Exp. Immunol. 84: 449 16. Aarden, L.A. et al (1985) Lymphokines 10: 175 17. Van Snick, J. et al (1987) J.Exp.Med 165: 641 18. Helle, M. et al (1988) Eur. J. Immunol. 18: 1535 19. Helle, M. et al (1991) J.Immunol. Methods 138: 47 20. Gaines Das, R.E. et al (1993) J.Immunol. Methods 160: 147



Standard	 A recombinant hulL-6 standard has been calibrated against the WHO First International Standard (IL-6 89/548; National Institute for Biological Standards and Control, Potter Bar, Hertfordshire, U.K. 1 WHO Unit = 10 pg IL-6 see ref [20]. The kit contains one black-capped vial with 4000 pg/ml recombinant hulL-6 Avoid repeated freeze-thawing of the standard, although experimental data have shown that up to 3 freeze-thaw cycles have no effect on the IL-6 levels of the standard. 	
Standard curve	Label 7 tubes, one tube for each dilution: 450, 150, 50, 16.7, 5.6, 1.9 and 0.6 pg/ml. Pipette 497 μ l of working-strength dilution buffer into the tube labelled 450 pg/ml and 400 μ l of workingstrength dilution buffer into the tubes. Transfer 63 μ l of the IL-6 standard (4000 pg/ml) into the first tube labelled 450 pg/ml, mix well and transfer 200 μ l of this dilution into the second tube labelled 150 pg/ml. Repeat the serial dilutions five more times by adding 200 μ l of the previous tube of diluted standard to the 400 μ l of dilution buffer.	
	The standard curve will contain 450, 150, 50, 16.7, 5.6, 1.9, 0.6 and 0 pg/ml (dilution buffer). It is recommended to prepare two separate series for each assay.	
Samples	It is recommended to dilute the test samples at least 1:2 in working-strength dilution buffer. If high levels of IL-6 (outside the standard curve) are expected in the test samples, additional dilutions of sample i.e. 1:10 and 1:100 should also be prepared.	
Typical standard		

curve



	STATIC INCUBATION	SHAKEN INCUBATION
	Calculated mean absorbance at 450 nm	
substrate blank	0	0
0 pg/ml	0.014	0.019
0.6 pg/ml	0.046	0.066
1.9 pg/ml	0.110	0.179
5.6 pg/ml	0.302	0.474
16.7 pg/ml	0.793	1.245
50 pg/ml	1.738	2.667
150 pg/ml	2.497	> 3.000
450 pg/ml	2.750	> 3.000

DO NOT USE THESE DATA TO CONSTRUCT A STANDARD CURVE FOR SAMPLE VALUE CALCULATIONS